What is Ethics?

Ethics

* Refers to the principles of right and wrong that individuals use to make choices to guide their behavior.
* It is a free moral agent to make choices to guide their behavior.

Code of Ethics- is a collection of principles that are intended to guide decisions making by members of organization

Ethical Issues

Fundamental Tenets of Ethics

Tenets- it is a principle or belief especially one of the main principle of religion of philosophy.  Principle, belief, or doctrine generally held to be true *especially* **:**one held in common by members of an organization, movement, or profession

1. Responsibility – means that you accepts consequences of your decision and actions

Kelenagan ma fulfill mo ung project

2. Accountability- means a determination of who is responsible for action that were taken

Ikaw ung task owner ikaw ang masisi kung may project

3. Liability- legal concept meaning that individuals have the right to recover damages done to them by other individual, organization or system.

Utang, or kasalanan ikaw ay liable sa bagay na un

Computer Network-particularly the Internet enable organization to collect, integrate and distribute enormous amount of information on individuals groups and institutions.

As a result, ethical problems are arising about appropriate use of customer information, personal privacy and the protection of intellectual property.

Business Ethics is a form of ethics or professional ethics that examines ethical principles and moral or ethical problem that arise in business environment

It applies to all aspect of business conduct and is relevant to the conduct of individuals and entire organization.

Four ethical issues

Ethical Issues

The diversity and ever-expanding use of IT application have created a variety of ethical issues. These falls into 4 categories:

1. Privacy issues- involve collecting, storing and disseminating information about individuals

Example. Webinar collect data from the event it is right if the event organizer allowed to

Privacy concerns the collection and the use or misuse of data about individual which are collected and stored in computer system.

2. Accuracy Issues involve the authenticity, fidelity, and accuracy of information that is collected and processed

As organization rely more on information in computerized databases and monitoring /control system, the potential for individuals to be harmed by inaccurate data increases.

Dapat tama ung nilalagay sa contact tracing form

3. Property- involves the ownership and value of information

The widespread existence of electronic information on different media makes property right for information and software a difficult legal and ethical question.

Kompya ngassignemtn ng sagot gn iba.

Plagiarism-

4. Accessibility issues- revolve around who should have access to information and whether they should have to pay for this access

The issue of access concerns the ability of individuals to gain entry to information system and information that they hold

For example politics kukunin ung information mo babayaran pa para mabayaran ka

Protecting Privacy

Privacy- is the right to be left alone and to be free of unreasonable personal intrusions

Information Privacy- is the right to determine when and to what extent , information about yourself can be gathered and or communicated to others

Mindful in sharing critical information online for identity thief

Organization are installing and monitoring anf filtering software to enhance security by stopping malicious software and to improve employee productivity by discouraging employees from wasting time

To tract kung ano ung ginagawa mo on oyur computer

Personal Information in Database

1. Bank and financial institutions

2. Cable tv

3. Telephone

4. Utilities companies

5. Employee, hospitals, schools and Universities

6. Government agencies

7. and many others

Why information system so important to us?

Information system have numerous impacts on organization and on society as a whole, the following are the more significant impacts.

1. It will reduce the number of middle manager

IT makes manager more productive and increase the number of employee who can report to a single manager, ultimately decreasing the number of managers and experts. It is reasonable to assume then that fewer managerial levels will exists in many organization and there will be a fewer staff and line managers

Pag meron info system kaya na ng isang manager na kahit isa lang sya kaya nan yang I monitor ung mga employee nya.

2. It will change the manager’s job

Many managers have reported that IT has finally given them time to get out of the office and into the field.

They also found htat they can spend more time planning activities.

Managers can now gather information for decision making much more quickly by uysing search engines and intranets

Madami ng app para maging remote na ang work. Touring remote work using productivity system , virtual tours.

3. Will my job be eliminated?

One of the major concerns opf every employee full or part time. Is the job security, dahil nagging automated na lahat nagakaroin suila ng takot dahil sa call center ay robot or automated na ang nagsasalita sa cellphone call even factories robotics na

Due to difficult economic times increased global competition, demands for customization and increased consumer sophistication many companies have increased their investment in IT

As a computer gain in intelligence and capabilities, the competitive advantage of replacing people with machine is increasing rapidly , for this reason, some people believe that society is heading toward unemployment. Other disagree

4. IT Impacts Employee at work

Many peoples have experienced a loss of identity because of computerization . they fell like just another number because computer reduce or eliminate the human element that was present in non-computerized system

The internet threatens to have an even more isolating influence that computers and television. Encouraging people to work and shop form their living rooms could produce some unfortunate psychological effects such as depression and loneliness

Because of tech kelangan m,as past pace na ung galawa mo kaya mas lalo kang na depdepress anf tao kaya sa biukis ng tech ang tao di makasabay.

Another possible psychological impact relates to home schooling, which is much easier to conduct through internet. Opponents of home schooling argue thart the lack of social contacts can damage the social, moral and cognitive development of school age children who spend long time of working alone on the computer

Marami ng homabsed nag kaka lack opf social contact sana mas may contact paring kahit hoem school lang

5. IT impacts Employeess health and dsafety

Computer and information system may affect ones health and safety as a result of job stress, exposure to video display terminals (eyesight’s)and long term use of keyboard (carpal tunnel syndrome)

Ergonomics- science of adapting machines and work environment to people, focuses on creating an environment that is safe , well-lit and comfortable.

Posture, eyesight

Example

* wrist support
* back support
* eye protection filter
* adjustable foot rest

6. IT provides opportunities for people with disabilities

- computer can create new employment opportunities for people with disability by integrating speech and vision recognition capabilities

For example, individuals who cannot type are able to use a voice operated keyboard and individual who cannot travel can work at home.

7. IT provides Quality of life Improvement

Robotics Artificial intelligence

Improvements in health care mas marami ng sakit na nabibigyan ng cure

Set of belief about write and wrong behavior

Ethical behavior conforms to generally accepted social norms as differ from country to country

The basic cocept and fundamental principles of decent human conduct or the cultural norms accepted social norm s

Norms- **rules or expectations that are socially enforced**

Ethics is really hard to define because it really varies from person to person within your industry, cultural group , or all different group they are generally accepted social norms.

Free-moral agent is **person who has the ability to discern right from wrong and to be held accountable for his or her own actions**

Moral is about your won personal belief of what is right and wrong

Ethics- expected behavior by a certain group fro example by your industry

Law- state saying what you can or cannot do this, it is possible sometimes unethical but those thigs are not always on agreement whe it becomes hard to decide what you should do or how you should react

Ethos- way of living concerned with human conduct, more specifically the behaviour of individuals in society

Ethical Human Conduct can be described as **ones conduct of actions which are in alignment with the moral and natural make-up of the societal system which we all are living in as individuals**,

Code of ethics are established in organizations, professions and industries to guide workers and professionals distinguish what is ethical and acceptable in the profession and what is not.

It also outlines what professionals are expected to do in the daily discharge of their duties and when faced with certain problems.

A code of ethics is an outline of how employees are expected to behave, the core values they should possess which is often in line of the business.